

عنوان مقاله:

ZONING OF URBAN FABRIC VULNERABILITY AGAINST EARTHQUAKE BY COMBINING THE QUANTITATIVE
(MODELS IN GIS (CASE STUDY: MASHHAD, NORTHEAST OF IRAN

محل انتشار:

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خلاصه مقاله:

the objective of this case study was to determine vulnerability levels of urban fabrics against earthquake risk using spatial factors. Therefore to classify risk vulnerability zones of the mashhad urban fabric we have used parameters such as ratio of open spaces size of lands differentiation population density occupies areca by buildings ago of .buildings deteriorated urban fabrics proximity to faults and seismic grading of mashhad

کلمات کلیدی:

vulnerability, analytic hierachy process AHP,geographic information system GIS,central business district
CBD,standard score model

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

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