

عنوان مقاله:

Protective Effects of Captopril and Valsartan on Memory Function and Gene Expression of Brain-Derived Neurotrophic Factor (BDNF) in Experimental Model of Alzheimer's Disease in Rats

محل انتشار:

مجله علمي پژوهشي دانشگاه علوم پزشكي زنجان, دوره 23, شماره 100 (سال: 1394)

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خلاصه مقاله:

Background and Objective: The use of ATI and ACE inhibitors, as antihypertensive drugs, improves memory function in the elderly people with hypertension and vulnerable to Alzheimer's disease (AD). Therefore, the aim of this study was to evaluate effects of oral administration of Captopril and Valsartan on memory function and expression of brainderived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) in experimental model of AD in rats. Materials and Methods: Forty adult male Wistar rats were assigned to five groups Control, Vehicle, Alzheimer, Captopril and Valsartan treated groups. AD in the Alzheimer and treated groups was induced using bilateral i.c.v. injection of streptozotocin ("mg/kg) in days one and three. Treated groups received captopril (Δomg/kg) and valsartan (Momg/kg) orally for YΔdays. At the end of the experiment, memory function was tested using T-Maze and gene expression of BDNF was assessed by RT-PCR technique. Finally, histopathological damages were evaluated using H&E and toluidine blue staining methods. Results: Time of latency and error number for food searching was YW.F±1&. \(\Delta Sec \) and \(11.\Lambda \text{1.}\text{1.}\text{1} \) in the control group respectively, induction of AD significantly increased these issues (Y15.Y±\(\Omega \) Y.Y±\(\Omega \). Histopathological damages (necrotic neurons and tissue vacuolization) along with reduction of BDNF mRNA were obviously observed in rats of the Alzheimer group. Captopril and valsartan treatment led to a decrease in the time of latency (FF and AF%) and error number (٣) and f٣%) and improved histopathological damages and increased BDNF mRNA. Conclusion: Our findings indicated that inhibition of central renin-angiotensin improves memory function and neuronal damages during AD .disease. It appears that activation of this system inhibits gene expression of BDNF

كلمات كليدى:

Key words: Renin-angiotensin System, Captopril, Valsartan, BDNF, Alzheimer's Disease

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