

## عنوان مقاله:

Expression of Th<sub>1</sub> and Th<sub>2</sub> Cytokine and Associated Transcription Factors in Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells and Correlation with Disease Severity

## محل انتشار:

مجله گزارش های بیوشیمی و زیست شناسی مولکولی، دوره 6، شماره 1 (سال: 1396)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 10

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## خلاصه مقاله:

Background: Psoriasis is a T cell-mediated autoimmune disease with elevated level of pro-inflammatory cytokines belonging mainly to Th<sub>1</sub> pathway. We investigated whether treatment with micronutrients along with methotrexate (MTX) is able to modulate mRNA expression of Th<sub>1</sub> and Th<sub>2</sub> patterns and its correlation with disease severity. Methods: Thirty plaque type psoriasis patients with Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) higher than 10 recruited; 15 non- micronutrients taker (NMT) patients, treated by MTX daily (0.2-0.3 mg/kg/week) and 15 micronutrients taker (MT) patients treated by MTX plus micronutrient supplement daily for 12 weeks. Blood samples collected at baseline and after 12 weeks. Taqman quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction was applied to analyses the expression of Th<sub>1</sub> (T-bet, IL-12, IFN- $\gamma$ ) and Th<sub>2</sub> (GATA-3, IL-4) pathway. Disease severity measured under PASI scoring system. Results: Significant clinical improvement in MT group was accordance with significant down-regulation of Th<sub>1</sub> and up-regulation of Th<sub>2</sub> studied markers ( $P < 0.05$ ). Respect to PASI-75 cut-point, expression of IFN- $\gamma$  in MT group with upper PASI-75 was significantly lower than in related patients in NMT group ( $P = 0.05$ ). Also mRNA expressions of GATA3 and IL-4 in MT group with upper PASI-75 were significantly higher than patients in NMT group respectively ( $P = 0.05$ ,  $P = 0.04$ ). Conclusion: According to significant attenuating of PASI score correlated with upregulation of Th<sub>2</sub> pathway in favor of MT group, consumption of micronutrients in combination MTX in psoriasis patients are suggested. Our results contribute to a better understanding of methotrexate immune-pathogenesis mechanisms and its correlation to clinical response in psoriasis.

## کلمات کلیدی:

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

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