

عنوان مقاله:

Geographical Analysis of Distribution of Physical Indicators of Rural Housing with the Approach of the Optimal Distribution of Space

محل انتشار:

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نویسندگان:

خدیجه بوزرجمهری - *Ferdowsi University of Mashhad*

سیدرضا حسینی کهنوج - *Ferdowsi University of Mashhad*

نبی الله حسینی شه پریان - *University of Tabriz*

خلاصه مقاله:

Extended abstract ۱. INTRODUCTION Housing as spatial crystallization of interests and abilities specific to each area in terms of physical and environmental issues that have distinct patterns over time, as long as one accepts and man-made phenomenon, the human civilization and culture of the most important manifestation in other words embody settlements and housing as the smallest form its skeleton key role in the formation of spatial structure - physical and identity of rural architecture. The importance of housing in the village when the last official census finds more concrete Country, ۲۸.۵ percent of the country's population of ۷۵ million live in rural areas. Also, nearly ۷.۵ million households in the country, villagers who live more than ۵ million residential units. This study aimed at collecting physical indicators of desirable rural housing is done. This study tries to Iran from the index specified in Rural Areas and common technique, the rating and ranking of these areas in order to analyze their housing space justice. The relationship between the development of the province in terms of physical indicators to assess housing and balanced development strategies and overcoming the spatial differentiation of the offer. ۲. THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK Spatial analysis of various definitions of literature, although this definition, many common factors in itself. But the differences are also evident that this difference is due to provide theoretical insight and analysis to determine the issue. To explain more appropriate conceptual framework is outlined some definitions. Regional unbalance and unbalanced distribution services for poor Featuring facilities and major developing countries and Iran. Regional planning and development aimed at reducing regional inequality, the most important issues in numerous developing countries and the regional balance of land use and spatial development regional perspective, in the sense that the relationship between Indicators weight status in an area is such that centers on the distribution of resources and population size, gross inequality gap (as in the case of regional primacy and dominance) does not exist. In other words, balanced regional development effort that the best conditions and facilities for the comprehensive development of all areas to provide, quality of life differences between the regional and the district to minimize and eventually eliminate. It also puts the first priority and create the conditions for a fair distribution of social conditions for comprehensive development of all ... people is a targeted area. ۳

کلمات کلیدی:

Geographic analysis, Rural Housing, Iran, spatial equity, Integration

