

عنوان مقاله:

The effect of synthesized CuYO on the microbial corrosion inhibition of urban sewer systems

محل انتشار:

فصلنامه سنتز و تفجوشی, دوره 1, شماره 2 (سال: 1400)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 7

نویسندگان:

Zahra Khademmodaresi - Department of Chemical Engineering, Shiraz University, Shiraz, Iran- Department of Chemical Engineering, Shahid Bahonar University of Kerman, Kerman, Iran

Fereshteh Bakhtiari - Department of Chemical Engineering, Shahid Bahonar University of Kerman, Kerman, Iran

Mohammadmehdi Azizi - Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, the University of Texas at Arlington, USA

خلاصه مقاله:

The microbial corrosion of reinforced concrete sewers was inhibited by synthesized cuprous oxide (CuYO) nanoparticles. The antibacterial characteristics of CuYO on Acidithiobacillus thiooxidans were investigated by temporal variation of pH, turbidity, and bacterial counting. Three reinforced concrete samples with different weight percentages of electrodeposited CuYO (ο.ο ε wt%, ο.ο ω wt%) were used. The bacterial counting showed that the number of bacteria in samples with o.of, o.oaa, and o.oa wt% of CuYO was F.AY, F.FY, and Y.9F times lower than the blank sample (BS), respectively. After the bacterial growth, the optical density measurement showed that the percentage of turbidity enhancement for samples with ... ο, ... ο wt% of CuYO were ۱-λ%, 11λ%, 15Δ%, respectively, while it was FIY% for the BS. Moreover, the pilot stage's pH monitoring revealed that the electrodeposited CuYO lowered the concentration of hydronium between Y to A1 times compared to the BS. Experiments indicated that slight changes in the amount of electrodeposited CuYO lead to significant changes in samples' ability to hinder bacterial growth and .microbial-induced corrosion

كلمات كليدى:

Microbial corrosion, Acidithiobacillus thiooxidans, Concrete sewers, Synthesized cuprous oxide, Nanoparticles

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1352148

