عنوان مقاله:

Molecular Analysis of the Presence of pvl, spa, and mecA Genes and Their Correlation with a Range of Antibiotics in Staphylococcus aureus Collected from Burn Patients

محل انتشار:

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خلاصه مقاله:

Background and Objective: Staphylococcus aureus is one of the most important human pathogens and common causes of nosocomial and acquired infections in the world. The aim of this study was to investigate antibiotic resistance in methicillin-resistant S. aureus (MRSA) strains and the molecular properties of S. aureus strains. Materials and Methods: For this purpose, a descriptive study was performed in YolV on ΔF strains of S. aureus isolated from clinical specimens. MecA subclasses were also determined by Multiplex RCR reaction. The pvl and spa genes in these strains were determined by PCR reaction. Results: The highest resistance of the strains was observed to be to the antibiotics oxacillin, cefoxytime and erythromycin, and vancomycin (۱۲.۵%). 100% of methicillin-resistant S. aureus strains contained mecA gene, and more than &o% of isolated strains were associated with nosocomial infections. In addition, \(^SCCmec\) type and \(^1SCCmec\) SCCmec type were identified as the dominant subtypes in this study and \(^1Y.\(^8\)). Also, 10 isolated strains could not be typed. Conclusion: The results showed that the spa gene distribution was present in AY% of the samples. Out of FF samples, Fo samples belonged to wound samples. Also, pvl gene was observed in 1Y% (Y samples) of samples. There is an association between mecA gene and resistance to the antibiotics oxacillin, .cefoxitin, and erythromycin in methicillin-resistant S. aureus strains

كلمات كليدى:

Antibiotic resistance, mecA, pvl, spa, Staphylococcus aureus, استافیلوکوکوس اورئوس, pvl, spa, mecA مقاومت آنتی بیوتیکی

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