

عنوان مقاله:

Chemical and microbiological changes of salted Caspian Kutum (*Rutilus frisii kutum*) roe

محل انتشار:

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خلاصه مقاله:

Salted Kutum roe was prepared by soaking in brine to a traditional procedure. Proximate composition (moisture, protein, lipid, pH, ash and salt content), total volatile basic nitrogen (TVB-N), fatty acid profiles and microbiological characteristics of raw and salted roe of Caspian white fish (*Rutilus frisii kutum*) were determined. The results indicated that protein and moisture contents were significantly higher in raw roe compared to salted one (۲۸.۸۱ and ۶۱.۰۷% to ۲۳.۹۹ and ۵۱.۵۷%, respectively). Significant differences in ash and salt contents were obtained among different treatments. TVB-N in all samples was less than ۲۵mg/۱۰۰g. The gas chromatography (GC) analysis showed that the major saturated fatty, monounsaturated fatty acids and poly unsaturated fatty acids were ۱۶:۰، ۱۸:۱n-۹، and ۲۲:۶n-۳، respectively. Aerobic plate count (APC) and Total Coliform Count (TC) in all samples were significantly higher ($p < 0.05$) in raw roe (۵.۳۳ logCFU/g and ۲۱۰ MPN/g) compared to salted roe (۱.۲۳ log CFU/g and ۱.۲ MPN/g). None of the samples contained *Escherichia coli*, *Salmonella*, *Clostridium perfringens* or yeast.

کلمات کلیدی:

Rutilus frisii kutum, Roe, Salting, Microbial population

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