

عنوان مقاله:

A Graph-based Approach for Persian Entity Linking

محل انتشار:

مجله بين المللي ارتباطات و فناوري اطلاعات, دوره 12, شماره 3 (سال: 1399)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 10

نویسندگان:

Majid Asgari-Bidhendi - Computer Engineering School Iran University of Science and Technology Tehran, Iran

Farzane Fakhrian - Computer Engineering School Iran University of Science and Technology Tehran, Iran

Behrouz Minaei-Bidgoli - Computer Engineering School Iran University of Science and Technology Tehran, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Most of the data on the web is in the form of natural language, but natural language is highly ambiguous, especially when it comes to the frequent occurrence of entities. The goal of entity linking is to find entity mentions and link them to their corresponding entities in an external knowledge base. Recently, FarsBase was introduced as the first Persian knowledge base with nearly Yao, oo entities. This research suggested one of the first end-to-end unsupervised entity linking systems specifically for Persian, using context and graph-based features to rank candidate entities. To evaluate the proposed method, we used the first Persian entity-linking dataset created by crawling social media text from some popular Telegram channels. The ParsEL results show that the F-Score of the input data set is AY.1% and is .comparable to any other entity-linking system that supports Persian

كلمات كليدي:

Unsupervised Entity Linking, Entity Disambiguation, Persian Language, FarsBase, Knowledge Graph, Social Media Corpus

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1422197

