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عنوان مقاله:

Investigating the Relative Frequency of Internet Addiction among High School Students and its Relationship with Depression and Anxiety

محل انتشار:

سومین همایش ملی تحقیقات میان رشته ای در مدیریت و علوم پزشکی (سال: 1400)

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خلاصه مقاله:

Aim and Background: Internet has spread in the world, rapidly. However, it isn't desire for neglect of its destructive consequences, particularly in the social and psychological fields. In the present study, we examined the relative frequency of Internet addiction among high school students in Rafsanjan city and its association with depression and anxiety. Methods and Materials: In this cross -sectional study, FYFstudents were been selected among Rafsanjan city in high school students in Yoll by using stratified random sampling method. Data were been gathered by Beck depression scale, Hamilton anxiety rating scale and Internet addiction test (IAT) questionnaires. After completing the questionnaires, data were been analyzed by using SPSS-1Asoftware and presented as tables and descriptive statistics. Results:. As frequency of Internet Addiction, Ya(\lambda.\Delta\sigma) normal, Yff(\(\rho.\)\sigma) poor, Yf(\lambda.\Y\sigma) moderate and \lambda (Y.Y%) were severe. As the frequency of depression, FY persons (1F.F%) were non-depressed, 169 (P9%) in the mild, ۱۴۰ (۳۴.۳%) moderate and ۴۲ (۱۰.۳%) severe levels of depression. Frequency of internet addiction and its relationship with depression levels, the largest number, ΥΥΨραtients (۶۰. ٣%) and the lowest low-level depression, 1 (Υ.Δ%) were in the severe level. Frequency of Internet addiction and its relationship to anxiety level, the highest number, YFY(91%) in the low stress level, and the lowest, 10 (Y.0%) were in the severe level. Conclusion: The findings suggest that a significant relationship between the frequency of Internet addiction in terms of relative levels of depression and anxiety levels.Based on the results, the most frequency of Internet addiction is with depression and anxiety in low levels, and the least are in severe levels. This frequency is more common in female rather than male. It implies this fact that our young generation becomes more prone to suffer from Internet addiction and other disorders like depression and .anxiety

كلمات كليدى:

Internet addiction; Depression; Anxiety; Students

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