

عنوان مقاله:

A Typical Design approach of Soil Nailing Pattern for Stabilizing Trenches in cohesive soils: A Case Study

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خلاصه مقاله:

Slope failure is a common issue in the construction industry, such mining and civil engineers have to avoid its risk on human lives and properties by an appropriate technical design of stabilizing methods. The soil nailing technique has been used in many applications to improve the stability of excavated vertical cuts and existing natural slopes under precarious conditions. In this paper, the optimum soil nailing system for one of the stations of line-two Isfahan underground urban train is designed under FHWA regulations. For this, the required overall factor of safety is first implemented using Bishop limit equilibrium method to reach the initial pattern of the nailing system. Then, the numerical finite element approach is employed to ensure satisfying the FHWA requirements for the bearing capacity, pullout resistance, nail bar tensile strength, facing flexure, and facing punching shear safety factors, implementing strength reduction method. The paper reports details of the case study, design considerations, and the methodology used in stabilizing the vertical cuts such as opening ramps in underground mines. Finally, the safety factor in general and partial cases including tensile, pullout and probable fracture modes of the wall face was calculated and the values obtained were compared with the values recommended by the FHWA. The overall safety factor was obtained using the limit and numerical equilibrium methods of 1.35 and 1.55, respectively, which satisfies the proposed value of the desired instruction. Ultimately, the nailing system with mesh and shotcrete with the stated features and parameters can provide temporary stability of the desired station.

کلمات کلیدی:

Landslide, Slope Stability, Soil nailing, FHWA regulations

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