

عنوان مقاله:

Restoration of IL-1) and IL-16 cytokine production post calcium modulators and ROS treatment can assist viral clearance both in vitro and in vivo

محل انتشار:

مجله علوم يايه يزشكي ايران, دوره 26, شماره 2 (سال: 1402)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 7

نویسندگان:

Kehkshan Jabeen - Genomics Research Lab, Department of Biological Sciences, International Islamic University Islamabad, Islamabad, Pakistan

Aneela Javed - Healthcare Biotechnology, Atta-ur Rahman School of Applied Biosciences (ASAB), National University of Sciences and Technology (NUST), H-Ir Campus, Islamabad, Pakistan

Asim Waris - School of Mechanical & Manufacturing Engineering (SMME), National University of Sciences and Technology (NUST), H-Ir Campus, Islamabad, Pakistan

Shaheen Shahzad - Genomics Research Lab, Department of Biological Sciences, International Islamic University Islamabad, Islamabad, Pakistan

خلاصه مقاله:

Objective(s): Hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection alters the cytokines production to establish persistent infection. A reversion of cytokines back to their normal state can be a promising therapeutic approach to establish an optimal host immune response. Materials and Methods: We investigated the alteration in expression of IL-1a and IL-11 after HBV infection in vitro and in vivo in PBMCs of Fr individuals divided into various HBV-infected patient groups. The mRNA expression was evaluated post-anti-oxidant and calcium modulators treatment by Real-time qPCR. Results: In vitro mRNA expression of both cytokines, post-infection was down-regulated considerably. Interestingly, in line with in vitro results, both cytokines' in vivo expression was intensively down-regulated in chronic HBV-infected individuals rather than healthy controls. Both cytokines' expression was up-regulated in cases of recovery compared with the inactive carriers and chronic HBV-infected individuals. IL-10 mRNA expression was significantly up-regulated in both cell lines post EGTA and Rumso treatment while a significant increase was observed in the HepADmA cell line with NAC and BAPTA treatment. IL-11 mRNA expression was significantly up-regulated in the HepGY cell line after all modulator treatments, whereas in the HepAd^wA cell line it was observed after BAPTA treatment. Our results thus indicate that viral infection tends to down-regulate the expression of cytokines and an in vivo up-regulation is an indication of recovery. Conclusion: Treatment of anti-oxidants and calcium modulators has resulted in the successful restoration of these cytokines thus pointing towards the use of calcium modulators to boost natural antiviral cytokine production.

--- -- -

کلمات کلیدی: Hepatitis B virus, Interleukin-۱۱, Interleukin-۱۵, Hepatocellular carcinoma, Reactive Oxygen Species

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1574102

