عنوان مقاله:

Adaptive study of factors and people's satisfaction level ofpast and contemporary mosques(A case study of Safavid (mosques in Esfehan andcontemporary mosques in Tehran

محل انتشار:

دومین کنفرانس بین المللی معماری، عمران، شهرسازی، محیط زیست و افق های هنر اسلامی در بیانیه گام دوم انقلاب (سال: 1401)

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خلاصه مقاله:

In recent years, substantial and appearance differences debate of past and present architecture of Iran's mosques have attracted many attention. In this regard, one of the most important factors is the identification of satisfaction factors and investigation of the people's reason for satisfaction of the past andcontemporary Iranian mosques and the adaptive compartment the desiredmosques in these contexts. An Inseparable relation between Islam and themosque has given a greater sensitivity to the field of contemporary architecture. It seems that the people's role as the main users of mosques should be observed in the area of the mosques. In the field of comparing of difference dimensionsand union dimension of the past and present mosques in Iran, previouslyresearches have been done which each of them compares one aspect of themosque's aspect, but it is discussed less about the factors and people'ssatisfaction level of the mosque architecture. So, due to the admissibility debateof the mosques architecture with their audience, this issue is necessary. Therefore, the main research question is that how is the people's satisfaction ratefrom the past and contemporary mosques? In this study, it is tried, without any prejudice, public opinion about the satisfaction from the various aspects of different aspects of mosques architecture compare by a adaptive and survey method. To do this, first, the conceptualframework has been developed, then involved variables in the people'ssatisfaction of the mosques architecture have been identified according to theresearch objectives. Seven mosques have been selected that three mosques are from the Safavid period and four mosques are from the contemporary period in Tehran. Statistical population have been selected of the people who experienceat least one time being in mosque and about 1600 people have been considered. On this basis and Cochran equation, about 400 questionnaires were distributed between people and their answers to the different methods were collected and their were placed in a adaptive comparing. Some results can be briefly noted: 1:more than half of the people, in general are satisfied of the architecture of contemporary mosques and past mosques. Y-in the interior and exterior spiritual beauty, past mosques have achieved a significant degree of the publicsatisfaction. ".in certain factors, including the uniform space, more light in theinterior, suitable connection to the climate comfort and lines, modern mosqueshave a slight ... advantage. However, the aim of this research is to provide guidelines for the mosquedesigning, so, it se

کلمات کلیدی:

comparing the past and contemporary mosques, the people's satisfaction factor of the mosques, people's satisfaction .rate of mosques

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