#### عنوان مقاله:

Safety Risk Assessment in the Tile Industry with a New Approach

## محل انتشار:

مجله آرشیو علوم بهداشتی, دوره 12, شماره 1 (سال: 1401)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 5

## نویسندگان:

וPhD Student in Ergonomics, Department of Occupational Health Engineering, School of Public Health, - محمد خندان Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Iran

محمدرضا جعفری - YMSc Student in Safety and Hazard Defence, Department of Water, Environment, Construction and Safety, Hochschule Magdeburg-Stendal, Magdeburg, Germany

علىرضا كوهپايى - Associate Professor, Occupational Health Department, Health Faculty, Qom University of Medical Sciences, Qom, Iran

زينب حسين زاده - Occupational Health Department, Health Faculty, Qom University of Medical Sciences, Qom, Iran

عباس صادقی - Pepartment of Health, Safety and Environmental Management, School of Public Health and Safety, عباس صادقی - Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran Corresponding Author: Abbas Sadeghi, Email: sadeghi\_osh@yahoo.com Abstract Background & Aims: Despi

#### خلاصه مقاله:

Background & Aims: Despite the relative comfort and welfare today's modern technology has brought to humankind, it has also been the basis for the emergence of risks and threats. These risks and risk factors should be assessed and controlled using systematic risk assessment and management methods. Numerous techniques and methods have been developed to analyze risks, each of which has its own strengths and weaknesses. One of the system risk analysis techniques, which is among qualitative techniques and identifies and analyzes system risks inductively, is the functional hazard analysis (FuHA) technique. The present study aims to identify and control risks that occur due to technical defects or system dysfunctions and can lead to an unpleasant event, as occurred in an industrial unit in Yo19. Methods: In this cross-sectional analytical study, the functional risks of an industrial unit were analyzed using the FuHA technique. By implementing the FuHA technique in the investigated industrial unit, IY functional defects were identified. Results: In general, according to the level of severity of different consequences caused by the identified defects, \$\(\tilde{\text{F}}\) functional risks were identified, of which Y cases (IN.\$\(\tilde{\text{Y}}\)%) were assessed as unacceptable, IY cases (YA.PT%) as unfavorable, and P\$ cases (\$\(\tilde{\text{F}}\)%) as acceptable but needing revision. Conclusion: The results of this study showed that the FuHA technique had a favorable ability to identify and analyze system and subsystem functional risks, especially software subsystems

# كلمات كليدى:

Safety, Risk, Risk assessment, Functional hazard analysis

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1625703

