

عنوان مقاله:

Chemical composition of Prangos ferulacea (L.) Lindl., and Prangos uloptera DC. essential oils and their antifungal activities

محل انتشار:

Journal of Herbmed Pharmacology, دوره 11, شماره 4 (سال: 1400)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 7

نویسندگان:

Seyedeh Fatemeh Hekmat Zadeh - Medicinal Plants Research Center, Yasuj University of Medical Sciences, Yasuj,

Maral Gharaghani - Medicinal Plants Research Center, Yasuj University of Medical Sciences, Yasuj, Iran

Sadegh Nouripour-Sisakht - Medicinal Plants Research Center, Yasuj University of Medical Sciences, Yasuj, Iran

Damoun Razmjoue - Medicinal Plants Research Center, Yasuj University of Medical Sciences, Yasuj, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Introduction: Candida albicans is an important opportunistic pathogen that is responsible for most fungal infections in humans. Secondary metabolites are known to be antimicrobial and antifungal agents. This study aimed to investigate the chemical composition of Prangos ferulacea and P. uloptera essential oils and evaluate the sensitivity of four genera of Candida. Methods: After collecting plant samples, their essential oils were extracted by the distillation method, and their components were analyzed using Gas chromatography-mass spectrometry to identify constituents. In total, FA species of Candida isolated from clinical specimens were examined in this study. The antifungal activities of essential oils of P. ferulacea and P. uloptera were evaluated according to CLSI MYY-AT compared to fluconazole. Results: Out of the two tested plants, P. ferulacea had the lowest minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) against Candida species. However, MIC of this plant against C. albicans isolates was higher than o.1Y1 µL/mL non-albicans species. Both plants were able to inhibit non- albicans species with MIC9. values of9Y and99 µL/mL. However, their MIC9 values were less than fluconazole against Candida isolates. Conclusion: The results of this study suggest .that P. ferulacea and P. uloptera essential oils might be used as new antifungal agents

كلمات كليدى:

Fluconazole, Herbal medicine, Candidiasis, Chemical analysis, Antifungal agents

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1699839

