

عنوان مقاله:

Seasonality in Tourism and Forecasting Foreign Tourist Arrivals in India

محل انتشار:

مجله ایرانی مطالعات مدیریت, دوره 11, شماره 4 (سال: 1397)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 30

نویسندگان: پ.ک. میشرا - Central University of Punjab, Bathinda, Punjab, India

هيمنشو. ب. روت - Siksha 'O' Anusandhan, Deemed to be University, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India

ب. بردهان - Siksha 'O' Anusandhan, Deemed to be University, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India

خلاصه مقاله:

In the present age of globalization, technology-revolution and sustainable development, the presence of seasonality in tourist arrivals is considered as a key policy issue that affects the global tourism industry by creating instability in the demand and revenues. The seasonal component in a time-series distorts the prediction attempts for policy-making. In this context, it is quintessential to suggest an accurate method of producing the reliable forecast of foreign tourist arrivals. This paper evaluated the performance of Holt-Winters' and Seasonal ARIMA models for forecasting foreign tourist arrivals in India. The data on India's inbound tourism from Jan-Yool to June-Yolk were used for preparing the forecast for the period July-YolA to June-YoYo. On the basis of Mean Absolute Error, Mean Absolute Percentage Error and Mean Square Error, the findings infer the relative efficiency of Holt-Winters' model over Seasonal ARIMA model in forecasting the foreign tourist arrivals in India. Thus, to reduce the perceived negative impacts of seasonality in Indian inbound tourism and to ensure foreign tourist visits round the year, niche products best suitable for Indian climatic and socio-cultural-institutional conditions need to be introduced and promoted in a large scale both at the national and .global levels

كلمات كليدى:

Seasonality, Tourism, forecasting, Foreign Tourist Arrivals

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1742667

