## عنوان مقاله:

Evaluation of Growth Indices, Quality Characteristics, and Source and Sink Relationships in Promising Rice Genotypes

## محل انتشار:

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#### خلاصه مقاله:

Leaves are the most important photosynthetic sources in rice plant. In order to analyze growth indices and determine the contribution of leaves to grain filling, a study was carried out with nine genotypes and six levels of source limitations at grain filling stage in Yo1Y-Yo1A, at the Rice Research Institute of Iran, Mazandaran. The experiment was carried out as a split plot in the form of a randomized complete block design with three replications and placing the genotypes in the main plot and leaf cutting treatments in the sub- plots. The results showed that genotype 969 had the highest Leaf Area Index (LAI) at the flowering stage. The highest Crop Growth Rate (CGR) with ۲۳.۳ g m-Y and Net Assimilating Rate (NAR) with Y.a g m-Y belonged to the genotype 9aY. Genotypes 9aY and 9a9 had the highest number of tillers and genotype 96Y had the highest yield. The results of combined analysis of variance revealed that leaf removal treatments had significant effects on \.o.o.-grain weight, percent of filled grains and paddy yield per hill (P< 1%). The comparison of means between two years showed that leaf removal treatment caused significant decrease in panicle length, grain length and number of filled and total number of grains per hill. The highest yield reduction of FY.Y and \$5.0% occurred in treatment of complete leaf removal for genotypes 90% and 90%, respectively. The most destructive level of leaf removal treatments was the removal of all leaves, two top leaves, all leaves except flag leaf, flag leaf and all leaves except upper two leaves which caused paddy yield losses of, respectively, ٣٧.۴, ٢٠.٢, ١۶.۵, ١۴.١, and 9.5%, compared to the control (no removal of leaves) with 51mm kg ha-1. According to the results, about 9.% of the .carbohydrates needed by rice in the grain filling stage are provided by the upper two leaves in each rice plant

# كلمات كليدى:

.Grain filling, Growth indices, Leaf removal, Physiological indicators, Source-Sink relation

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