

عنوان مقاله:

Prothrombin GT • T • A Mutation is not a Risk Factor for Pediatric Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia in Western Iran

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خلاصه مقاله:

Background: We conducted the present study to investigate the frequency of prothrombin $GY \cdot Y \cdot A$ mutation among acute lymphoblastic leukemia patients and healthy individuals from Western Iran and to detect the possible association between this mutation and the risk of acute lymphoblastic leukemia in our population.Methods: The studied groups consisted of Y children with acute lymphoblastic leukemia and YFA age- and sex-matched healthy children from Western Iran. The prothrombin $GY \cdot Y \cdot A$ mutation was identified by PCR-RFLP using the restriction enzyme of Hind III.Results: The prevalence of prothrombin $Y \cdot Y \cdot GA$ genotype was $\mathcal{F}.\Delta \%$ in patients and Y.Y% in controls ($P=\cdot.VY$). The frequency of the A allele in patients was Y.Y% and in controls it was $\mathcal{F}\%$.Conclusion: The present study indicates the absence of any significant differences in the frequency of the prothrombin $GY \cdot Y \cdot A$ mutation between acute lymphoblastic leukemia patients and healthy individuals. The results suggest that this mutation may not be a risk factor for acute .lymphoblastic leukemia in our population

> کلمات کلیدی: لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:



