

## عنوان مقاله:

Laparoscopic left hemihepatectomy combined with right lateral hepatic lobectomy in pigs: surgical approach and comparative study of the inflammatory response versus open surgery

## محل انتشار:

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## نویسندگان:

Hua Zhang - *Department of Animal Science, College of Animal Science and Technology, Beijing University of Agriculture, Beijing, China*

Jin-jin Tong - *Department of Animal Science, College of Animal Science and Technology, Beijing University of Agriculture, Beijing, China*

Zhao-Nan Zhang - *Department of Animal Science, College of Animal Science and Technology, Beijing University of Agriculture, Beijing, China*

Hong-Bin Wang - *Department of Veterinary Surgery, College of Veterinary Medicine, Northeast Agricultural University, Harbin, China*

Yong-Hong Zhang - *Department of Animal Science, College of Animal Science and Technology, Beijing University of Agriculture, Beijing, China*

## خلاصه مقاله:

This study describes a left hemihepatectomy combined with a right lateral hepatic lobectomy. It compares the inflammatory response associated with laparoscopic hepatectomy (LH group, n = 7) with conventional open hepatectomy (OH group, n = 7). Blood was collected before surgery as well as 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7 days after surgery to determine the white blood cell count and levels of serum cortisol (COR), interleukin-6 (IL-6), and C-reactive protein (CRP). The left hemi-hepatectomy combined with a right lateral hepatic lobectomy was completed in miniature pigs. The average operative time was  $139.00 \pm 9.07$  min, which was longer than that in the OH group ( $121.67 \pm 3.02$  min). The length of surgical incision associated with the OH group was  $17.93 \pm 1.09$  cm, significantly longer than that related to the LH group ( $5.10 \pm 0.17$  cm). The estimated mean blood loss in the LH group was  $136.43 \pm 63.24$  mL, which was significantly lower than that in the OH group. No severe complications (e.g., massive bleeding, bile leakage, and air embolism) were reported. The CRP levels, COR, and IL-6, increased significantly in the OH group and then slowly returned to their preoperative levels. A postoperative laparoscopic exploration revealed that the incised portion of the liver adhered to the omentum, but no additional abnormalities were observed. These findings indicate that a 4-trocar method for laparoscopic left hemihepatectomy combined with a right lateral hepatic lobectomy is safe and feasible. The inflammatory response for those receiving LH are lower than that for those receiving OH. This porcine model can be used as a research analog for liver disease and regeneration.

## کلمات کلیدی:

Extensive hepatectomy, Inflammatory response, laparoscopy, Pigs

