

#### عنوان مقاله:

(The Prevalence of Hydatidosis in Slaughtered Animals of the Industrial Slaughterhouse of Khomein, Iran (YooY-YoN

### محل انتشار:

مجله علوم پزشكى ايران, دوره 1, شماره 2 (سال: 1392)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 6

## نویسندگان:

Mehdi Pareviz - Dept. of Animal sciences, Saveh Branch, Islamic Azad University, Saveh, Iran

Mohammad Rezaei - Dept. of Food Safety and Hygiene, school of public health, Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Nabi Shariatifar - Dept. of Food Safety and Hygiene, school of public health, Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Hessam Akberin - Specialty Board Certified in Veterinary Epidemiology, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Tehran, Iran

Gholam Reza Jahed Khaniki - Dept. of Food Safety and Hygiene, school of public health, Tehran University of - Medical Sciences

Issa Mohammadpour - Dept. of Food Safety and Hygiene, school of public health, Tehran University of Medical Sciences

#### خلاصه مقاله:

Background and purpose: Hydatidosis is one of the most important zoonoses in the world that have public health and economic perspectives. The aim of this study was to investigate the prevalence of hydatid cysts in slaughtered animals in the industrial slaughterhouse of Khomein, Markazi province (۲۰۰۲-۲۰۱۱(. Materials & Methods: In this study was invistigated YAYF. head of animals, including YAF. sheep, TAF. cows and Y.F. goats. Their carcasses were inspected using macroscopic method for hydatid cyst in livers and lungs. Data analysis was performed by Chi-square test and SPSS software (Version 15.0). Resuts: The prevalence frequency of hydatidosis in slaughtered cattle was arm head with the most infected animals of ۱۱۳(۲.۹۴%) cow, ΥΥΨ(1.ΥΨ%) sheep and ۱λΥ (1.۵۵%) goats respectively. Moreover, ነነዦና(٣.٩%) infected lungs and ነ∘ሃና(٣∘٧۴%) infected livers were found. On the seasonal bases, the surveys showed that maximum spread of the disease was in summer. Conclusion: The prevalence of hydatid cysts of parasites is relatively high which in addition to imposing high economic losses due to the deleting of infested organs of animals and decrease in livestock products, indicates the existence of conditions for health risks for residents which requires .more inclusive and comprehensive sanitary and control measures due to this parasite's life cycle and transmission

# كلمات كليدى:

Zoonoses, Hydatid cyst, Meat hygiene, Slaughtered animals

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1837262

