

عنوان مقاله:

In vitro antitumor activity of patulin on cervical and colorectal cancer cell lines

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خلاصه مقاله:

Background and Purpose: Patulin is a mycotoxin produced by some molds,especially Aspergillus and Penicilium, and is responsible for mycotoxicosis in animals and humans. There is still not very detailed data about the anti-cancer potency of patulin, but some reports demonstrated that it induces cellular apoptosis and toxicity. Materials and Methods: To determine the efficacy of patulin as a therapeutic strategy for cervical and colorectal cancers, we investigated its effects on HeLa, SW-FA, and MRC-Δ cell lines. Cell lines were exposed to various concentrations of patulin (i.e., o.Δ, 1, Y, and F μM), then using methyl thiazolyl tetrazolium (MTT) and bromo-Y'-deoxyuridine (BrdU) assays, the rates of apoptosis and cell viability were determined. Results: The obtained results showed a significant reduction in cell viability and apoptosis induction in a dose-dependent manner. Among all the cell lines, the highest growth inhibition rate was obtained at the F μM concentration of patulin.Conclusion: Our results suggested that patulin .could significantly decrease tumor growth in human cervical and colorectal cancer models

کلمات کلیدی:

cancer, HeLa cells, Mycotoxin, Patulin

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