

عنوان مقاله:

The Survival of Patients with Triple Negative Breast Cancer Undergoing Chemotherapy Along With Lifestyle Change Interventions

محل انتشار:

فصلنامه سرطان پستان, دوره 10, شماره 1 (سال: 1402)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 9

نویسندگان:

Mozaffar Aznab - Department Internal Medicine, Kermanshah University of Medical Sciences, Kermanshah, Iran

Shahram Shojaei - Department of Pathology, Bistoon Hospital, Kermanshah, Iran

Arash Golpazir Sorkheh - Department Surgery, Kermanshah University of Medical Sciences, Kermanshah, Iran

Kiumars Eslam Pia - Department Surgery, Kermanshah University of Medical Sciences, Kermanshah, Iran-Department Surgery, Bistoon Hospital, Kermanshah, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Background: The survival of patients with triple-negative breast cancer subtype undergoing chemotherapy along with weight management, physical activity, and diet was examined. In addition, the relationship between the Overall Survival (OS) of patients and the expression of Par and Ki FV was investigated. Methods: The study was conducted on 11. patients admitted to oncology clinics between October ۲۰۰۹ and July ۲۰۱۸. The patients underwent five chemotherapy cycles, including Docetaxel, Epirubicin, and Cyclophosphamide once every Y1 days followed by two cycles of Epirubicin, Cyclophosphamide, and ۵-Fluorouracil. The patients also received guidelines for physical exercise, diet, and lifestyle change. Results: The median and mean follow-ups were ۵۲.۳ and ۴۵.۶ months respectively. Eight patients were metastatic and 10th were under adjuvant therapy, 1th of whom had relapses. The median relapse-free survival and mean OS were FF.F months and F9.Y months, respectively. OS for Path-negative patients was ۶۴.۲ months, eight patients relapsed in the Path-positive group, and two relapsed in the Path-negative group. Survival was more favorable in the negative group (P=∘.∘1). The mean DFS in the Par-negative group was 95.1% and 75.8% in the Par-positive group, suggesting a more favorable status in the Par-negative group. Out of 110 patients, Yo died and No are still alive. Conclusion: Combining physical exercise, diet, and lifestyle change with chemotherapy increases the chance of a better response to treatment and a reduction in the rate of relapse during the .first three years. The survival rate was better in par-negative patients

کلمات کلیدی: Triple-negative breast cancer, Physical exercise, Diet and lifestyle change

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1841522



