

عنوان مقاله:

Energy absorption study of warm-rolled dual-phase LZY1 magnesium alloy hollow tube using ANN

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خلاصه مقاله:

In the present work, the energy absorption study of warm-rolled LZV\ sheet is done for the first time. To do so, Lithium ($\forall\%$ Wt), Zinc (1% Wt) and Magnesium are cast in $\forall\forall\cdot^{0}C$. After that, the billet has been warm-rolled at $\%\dot{\bullet}\cdot^{0}C$ and its thickness reduced by $\wedge\cdot\%$. Then, two different heat treatment situations are studied to reach an isotropic plate. Afterward, microstructures of the specimens have been studied using an optical microscope. Tensile tests of the samples are derived to study the mechanical properties and isotropy of the sheets. Moreover, the results of tensile tests applied for crushing simulations. Energy absorption study of the alloy is also done using ABAQUS/Explicit commercial code. The results of simulations are validated using experimental tests of A $\beta\cdot\Lambda\gamma$ and completely acceptable performance of simulations is observed. Then, the mechanical properties of LZV\ are used to study the crashworthiness behavior of the mentioned alloy. Crash absorption parameters, namely peak crush force (FMax), mean crush force (FMean), Total Energy Absorption (TAE), Crush Force Efficiency (CFE), Specific Energy Absorption (SEA) and Total Efficiency (TE) of LZV\ and A $\beta\cdot\Lambda\gamma$ are compared which are shown that the performance of LZV\ is considerably more efficient than $A\beta\cdot\Lambda\gamma$. Lastly, by the help of Artificial Neural Network (ANN) and Taguchi Method, the effects of dimensional parameters of tube, namely diameter, length and thickness, on FMax, FMean and TAE and also the influences of dimensionless geometrical ratios, namely L/D and D/t on CFE, SEA and TE are surveyed comprehensively

كلمات كليدى:

Crashworthiness, Warm rolling, LZV1, Magnesium Alloy, Crash simulation, Crash energy absorption, Artificial Neural Network

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