

عنوان مقاله:

Experimental Investigations into Effective Parameters for Improvement of Current Density in Microbial Fuel Cells

محل انتشار:

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نویسندگان:

Mina Bahraminasab - Department of Mechanical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Alzahra University, Tehran, .Iran

.Hamed Moqtaderi - Department of Mechanical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Alzahra University, Tehran, Iran

.Atiyeh Kiaeinejad - Department of Mechanical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Alzahra University, Tehran, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Microbial Fuel Cells (MFCs) represent an environmentally-friendly approach to generating electricity, but the need to study variation parameters to find improvement conditions has been an important challenge for decades. In this study, a single-chamber MFC was designed to investigate the key parameters such as the concentration and type of bacteria, chamber temperature, electrode spacing, and substrate rotation speed that affected the performance of MFCs. Therefore, two types of bacteria, Shewanella oneidensis (S.one) and Escherichia coli (E. coli), were compared as microorganisms. Then, the function of MFC was investigated under the following condition: three temperatures (٣٠ , \$\(\phi\), and \$\(\phi\), three bacterial concentrations (\(\cdot\Delta\Omeg/\mu|\) (\(\phi\Delta\mu|\mu|\mu)\), 1% (v/v) (\(\pmg/\mu|\mu)\), and 1.Δ% (v/v) (\(\pmu\Delta\mu|\mu|\mu)\)), electrode distances (Y cm, Y cm, Fcm), and substrate speeds (100 rpm, 100 rpm, Y00 rpm). Ultimately, (S.one) bacteria, a chamber temperature of Fa , a bacterial concentration of 1% (v/v) (9mg/ml), a cathode-anode spacing of F cm, and a rotation speed of \\(\rightarrow\) rpm proved to be the most efficient parameter settings for the constructed microbial fuel cell. The maximum voltage and highest power density were FAS.9 mV and 9.77 mW/, respectively, with a resistance of .Ya ohms. These results are meaningful for determining and improving important parameters in an MFC device

كلمات كليدى:

Microbial fuel cell, Electrode, Current Density, Power Density

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