

عنوان مقاله:

Toxicity Assessment of Euphorbia esula L. Extracts on HCT\\overline{1}\text{f}, SWFA., HEKY9\mathbb{T} Cell Lines, Artemia salina Larvae, and Its Bactericidal Effects

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خلاصه مقاله:

The aim of this study is to evaluate the potential toxicity of acetonic and methanolic extracts derived from the Euphorbia esula L. plant on various cell lines of human colorectal cancer (HCT\\sigma and SWFAo), human embryonic kidney normal cells (HEKY9W), Artemia salina larvae, and its bactericidal effects. The cytotoxic effect of E. esula extracts on cell lines was performed using the MTT assay. In vitro toxicity and biocompatibility of extracts were also evaluated on A. salina and red blood cells by hemolysis test, respectively. The ability of the extracts to inhibit bacterial growth was examined by using the disc diffusion method, as well as the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC) using the microtiter broth dilution method. Results showed acetonic extract contains the highest concentration of flavonoid (15.1Y µg Qu/mg) and phenol (٣F.AF µg GA/mg) compared to methanolic extract. The anti-proliferative effects of acetonic extract had the highest effect on HCT\19 and HEKY9W with ICΔo of ۶۴.Λo μg/mL and ۴٧.ΛY μg/mL at YYh, respectively. The hemolysis degree of the methanolic extracts was <۲% at Foo µg/mL. LCao for the acetonic and methanolic extracts exhibited moderate and low toxicities on the brine shrimp larvae, with LCΔo of ٣٨١.٩۶٩ μg/mL and ١٩٠۵.ΥΥ μg/mL, respectively. The bactericidal effect of Δo mg/mL acetonic extracts showed a clear zone inhibitory growth on Staphylococcus aureus and Klebsiella pneumoniae with ٣F mm and mamm at the MIC and MBC values of 1000 and 1000 mg/mL, respectively. These findings could help to elucidate the .anti-tumor, anti-bacterial, and toxic properties of E. esula extracts

كلمات كليدى:

Antibacterial assay, Artemia salina, Brine shrimp, Colorectal cancer, Euphorbia esula, Selectivity index

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