

عنوان مقاله:

Comparing the effectiveness of broad spectrum antibiotic prophylaxis with single agent antibiotic prophylaxis to prevent post-cesarean section infection

محل انتشار:

فصلنامه پزشکی هرمزگان, دوره 20, شماره 5 (سال: 1395)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 5

نویسندگان: Maryam Azizi

Maryam Azizi Minoo Rajaei Aida Najafian Shahram Zare Maryam Iranfar Maryam Abbasian

خلاصه مقاله:

Introduction: The rate of cesarean delivery is increasing. Infection is one of the most frequent and important complications of emergency cesarean section. Infection prophylaxis has an important role to reduce post-cesarean delivery complication. The aim of this study was to compare the effectiveness of broad spectrum antibiotic prophylaxis (Azithromycin+Cephalotin) with single agent antibiotic prophylaxis (Cephalotin) to prevent post-cesarean section infection in Shariati hospital patient since August Y=1Y to August Y=1W. Methods: This clinical trial study was carried out in Shariati hospital of Bandar Abbas, Iran. FYF pregnant women were recruited and divided to two groups. Group 1 received Azithromycin and Cephalotin as a preoperative antibiotic prophylaxis and group Y receives routine antibiotic regime (Cephalotin and placebo). To find any signs or symptoms of post-cesarean infection, patients were visited one mount after discharge. Collected data entered to SPSS software version 1*F* and descriptive and comparative test were performed. Results: Our findings show that during one month after cesarian, in F.W% (1o cases) of group 1 patients and Y Δ . Δ % ($\Delta\Delta$ cases) of group Y patients, symptoms and signs of infection were observed. The difference between two groups was significant (P=0.000). We found no significant difference between demographic and other medical details. Conclusion: Azithromycin have a significant effect on prevention of post-cesarean infection. Increasing the use of this broad spectrum agent as a part of antibiotic prophylaxis can decrease wound infection and other infectious .complications of cesarean delivery

كلمات كليدى:

Antibiotic, Section, Infection, Antibiotic, Section, Infection

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1912407

