

عنوان مقاله:

Characterization, ribotyping and capsular PCR typing of Pasteurella multocida isolated from Iranian sheep and goats

محل انتشار: مجله بین المللی میکروبیولوژی مولکولی و بالینی, دوره 6, شماره 1 (سال: 1395)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 6

نویسندگان: Yahya Tahamtan - Sanaye

Ilnaz Sahragard - Department of Microbiology, Jahrom Branch, Islamic Azad University, Jahrom, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Pasteurella multocida is considered to be an important cause of ovine pneumonia and results causes considerable economic losses in Iran. Ribotyping PCR (Ribo-PCR) was used for investigating the diversity of ovine and caprine P.multocida. A total of 1.7. swab tonsil and nasal samples were obtained from sheep and goats. They were analyzed by biochemical tests and Ribo-PCR 1.8S-TTS ribosomal RNA genes. Twenty samples representing Pasteurella phenotypes by Entero rapid kit and 1.00 out of 7. isolates were identified as P.multocida. Capsular type A was dominant among the isolates and was variable than serogroup D. Nine isolates including JF8.7.5.1 and A isolates including JF8.1.5.1 showed 1...% and 9.% similarity, respectively. Two minor cluster I and II was obtained with no significant diversity among the isolates. Cluster II was divided in four sub cluster including IIa, IIb, IIc and IId. Molecular approaches such as Ribo-PCR are necessary for determining and characterizing the diversity of P. multocida and understanding their interactions with host. The study has been the sensitive levels of Ribo-PCR in epidemiological studies of pasteurellosis, however, correlation among .diversity of isolates and host origin is not fully understood

كلمات كليدى:

PCR-Ribotype, Pasteurella multocida, Sheep, goats, Iran

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