

عنوان مقاله:

K Nearest Neighbor for hesitant fuzzy sets

محل انتشار:

بیست و دومین کنفرانس سیستم های فازی ایران (سال: 1402)

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نویسندگان:

Zahra Behdani - Department of Mathematics and Statistics, Faculty of Data Sciences and Energy, Behbahan Khatam Alanbia university of Technology,  
Khuzestan, Iran

Majid Darehmiraki - Department of Mathematics and Statistics, Faculty of Data Sciences and Energy, Behbahan Khatam Alanbia university of  
Technology, Khuzestan, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Pattern recognition and classification are two areas in which the K-Nearest Neighbor method is considered to be one of the most straightforward intelligent algorithms. As the complexity of practical applications continues to grow, there is an increase in the amount of ambiguity and fuzziness. The purpose of this research is to build the evidence k-Nearest Neighbor under the hesitant fuzzy environment. To do so, we make use of the hesitant fuzzy set (HFS) in order to express unclear preferences and information. Additionally, a numerical example associated with a classification issue is offered in order to assess the effectiveness of the strategy that has been suggested.

کلمات کلیدی:

Hesitant fuzzy, K Nearest Neighbor, Distance measure

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