سیویلیکا - ناشر تخصصی مقالات کنفرانس ها و ژورنال ها گواهی ثبت مقاله در سیویلیکا CIVILICA.com

عنوان مقاله:

Exploring the Frontier of Non-Aqueous Flow Batteries

محل انتشار:

دومین کنگره بین المللی علوم، مهندسی و فن آوری های نو (سال: 1403)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 14

نویسنده:

Amirhossein Barzigar - School of Mechanical Engineering, Iran University of Science and Technology, ١۶٨٩۶-١٣١١٩, Tehran, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Non-aqueous flow batteries, a subset of redox flow batteries, utilize electrolytes that are not water-based. These batteries offer several advantages over conventional aqueous oxidation-reduction flow batteries, including higher operating voltage and theoretical energy density. While still in the early stages of research, they hold promise for providing a broad operating temperature range, elevated cell voltage, and increased potential energy density, thus serving as a valuable complement to aqueous redox flow batteries. Research efforts have explored various facets of non-aqueous flow batteries, encompassing the development of high-voltage, high-energy non-aqueous lithium organic redox flow batteries, as well as the optimization of non-aqueous redox flow batteries through electrolyte design. Some studies have reported the maintenance of stable cycle capacity and high energy density in non-aqueous flow batteries. Due to the absence of concerns regarding solvent decomposition, non-aqueous electrolytes tend to yield a greater potential difference across batteries. This report elucidates the intricacies of these batteries and their different variants. Subsequently, it delves into the advantages and disadvantages over

كلمات كليدى:

Non-aqueous flow batteries, Energy storage, Rechargeable, Electrolyte, Oxidation

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/2049654

