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عنوان مقاله:

Performance of Sand Filtration System with Different Sand Bed Depth for Polishing Wastewater Treatment Service Unavailable

محل انتشار:

فصلنامه روشهای تصفیه محیط, دوره 9, شماره 2 (سال: 1400)

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خلاصه مقاله:

The Abstract of the manuscript should not exceed Ya. words and must be structured into separate sections: Introduction, the context and purpose of t Sand filtration is a polishing type of treatment system that is widely used as an efficient, cost-effective and simple treatment method. The efficiency of sand filtration relies mainly on the capacity of sand bed depth. Different sand bed depth affects the filtration rate and the contaminant removal differently. Hence, this study aims to investigate the effect of different sand media depth on the removal efficiency of the filtration process. An experimental sand filter with three design modifications of different sand bed depth, $\mathfrak{r} \cdot$ cm, $\mathfrak{s} \cdot$ cm, and $\mathfrak{d} \cdot$ cm, was operated as polishing stage of an effluent from conventional activated sludge process. The highest filtration rate was recorded using sand depth of $r \cdot cm$. Higher filter bed depth result in lower filter rate which result in smaller filtrate volume. Highest E. Coli and COD removal, are 30.0% and ΔΥ.Υ%, respectively, recorded using Υ· cm sand depth. Meanwhile, highest TSS and turbidity removal are 91.% and VY.%, respectively, with sand depth of 9. cm. Highest total coliform and BOD removal are AA.% and \$A..% respectively by using sand depth of \mathcal{F} cm. This study demonstrated that the sand filter is more efficient in removing suspended contaminants and coliforms compared to removing dissolved contaminants. The Abstract of the manuscript should not exceed Ya. words and must be structured into separate sections: Introduction, the context and purpose of t Sand filtration is a polishing type of treatment system that is widely used as an efficient, cost-effective and simple treatment method. The efficiency of sand filtration relies mainly on the capacity of sand bed depth. Different sand bed depth affects the filtration rate and the contaminant removal differently. Hence, this study aims to investigate the effect of different sand media depth on the removal efficiency of the filtration process. An experimental sand filter with three design modifications of different sand bed depth, $\nabla \cdot$ cm, $\mathcal{F} \cdot$ cm, and $\mathcal{F} \cdot$ cm, was operated as polishing stage of an effluent from conventional activated sludge process. The highest filtration rate was recorded using sand depth of r. cm. Higher filter bed depth result in lower filter rate which result in smaller filtrate volume. Highest E. Coli and COD removal, are 9δ.δ% and δΥ.7%, respectively, recorded using ** cm sand ... depth. Meanwhile, highest TSS and turbidity removal are 91..% and VV.r%, respectively, with sand depth of 9. cm. Highes

كلمات كليدى:

Sand filtration, Sand bed depth, Polishing, Wastewater treatment, Coliform removal

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