

عنوان مقاله:

Considering the effect of targeting the energy carrier subsidy on urban families' food expenses in Kerman

محل انتشار:

اولین همایش سراسری کشاورزی و منابع طبیعی پایدار (سال: 1392)

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خلاصه مقاله:

Targeting energy subsidy means removing subsidy on energy carrier price, which can both increase economic efficiency (optimized balance between supply and demand, increase in consumption efficiency and changing its pattern) and fair income distribution. For this, first, the consumption patterns of urban families in Kerman were considered, by using the Quadratic Almost Ideal Demand System and families' income-expense data between 2002-2007, by income deciles. Then the income and price elasticity were examined. The mentioned groups includes: food, energy, clothes, transportation, communication and other goods. For all income deciles, as it was expected, the price elasticity is less than zero and the income elasticity is more than zero. Then the food support boundary of consumers was defined in 2007 and the effect of targeting energy subsidy on food support boundary was measured. The results showed that by increasing energy carriers' price and cash payment of subsidy to consumers, the food support boundary of each citizen decrease from 211699 Rial to 165229 Rial. This project, generally, shows that before the implementation of subsidy targeting policy the first, second and third deciles and after the implementation of this policy the first and second deciles were enjoyed from food support

کلمات کلیدی:

subsidy targeting, energy carriers, food support boundary, urban families, Kerman

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