

عنوان مقاله:

Oil Recovery and CO2 Storage through Carbonated Water Injection Process; Experimental Investigation on an Iranian Carbonate Oil Reservoir

محل انتشار:

اولین همایش ملی توسعه میادین نفت و گاز (سال: 1393)

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خلاصه مقاله:

Many oil reservoirs in the world including those in Iran have been producing oil for a long time; hence, they are at the end of their natural/primary production period. Enhanced oil recovery (EOR) processes are proposed for additional oil recovery after the primary and secondary oil recoveryperiods. Gas injection in particular CO2 injection is a wellestablished method for incremental oil recovery in the oil reservoirs. This process is also considered as an environmental friendly process for CO2 sequestration. CO2 gas injection encounters some shortcomings such as low sweepefficiency, early breakthrough and high risk of gas leakage. Carbonated water injection (CWI) has been recently proposed as an alternative method to resolve the problems associated with gas injection. The results of extensive experimental tests of ultimate oil recovery efficiency for both secondary and tertiary CWI (SCWI-TCWI) core flooding and their CO2 storage capacity are presented here. Besides, the CWI recovery efficiencies are compared with water flooding (WF) tests. The results showed higher ultimate oil recovery efficiency for SCWI compared to that for TCWI. However, CO2 storage capacity for both TCWI and SCWI were observed to be the same. Generally, the CWI .presented higher oil recovery efficiency than WF

کلمات کلیدی: Enhance oil recovery, Iranian carbonate reservoir, carbonated water, coreflood, CO2 storage, secondary and tertiary

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