

عنوان مقاله:

Removal of Acid green 3 dye from waste water usingstabilizedFe0nano-particles bythe cross-linked pectin with succinic acid: Thermodynamic and kinetic studies

محل انتشار:

كنفرانس بين المللي علوم، مهندسي و فناوري هاي محيط زيست (سال: 1394)

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خلاصه مقاله:

Fe0nano-particles (FNPs) were stabilized by the cross-linked pectin with succinic acid(CPS)to remove Acid green 3 (AG 3) as an anionic and azo dye from aqueous solutions. Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) showed that the diameter of FNPs-CPS was not less than 5 nm and about 93% of them were between 10 -46 nm. About 18% of FNPs-CPSwas about 46 nm in diameter. X-ray diffraction (XRD) patternsdid not show a marked change in the crystal structure of FNPs, whereas the intensity of the peaks corresponding to the surface functional groups isreduced with using CPS. The removal percent of AG 3 was determined 88.3byFNPs-CPSforthe dye initial concentration of 200 ppm, atthe determined conditions. The comparison between the results of potition intrinto it net and pH study with the removalefficiencyconfirmed that the-COOH ofthecross-linked pectinand its adsorption ability had the more effective .rule than the FNPs average size and its reduction ability to remove AG 3

کلمات کلیدی: Acid green 3,Succinic acid, Stabilizer agents,Fe0nano-particles

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