

عنوان مقاله:

Chitosan from Shrimp as a Natural and Low cost Coagulant Aid for fine suspended and Colluidal solids in Karoon River

محل انتشار:

كنفرانس بين المللي علوم، مهندسي و فناوري هاي محيط زيست (سال: 1394)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 13

نویسندگان:

Afshin Takdastan - Department of Environmental Health and Environmental Technology, Research Centre, Ahvaz JundiShapur University of Medical Sciences, Ahvaz, Iran

Naghmeh Orooji - Grad. M.Sc. Student of Applied Chemistry, Islamic Azad University, Omidieh Branch, Ahwaz, Iran

Gholamreza Raeesi - Quality control management and health monitoring of Ahwaz Water and Wastewater Company

خلاصه مقاله:

Chitosan, a natural biopolymer, biodegradable, nontoxic, high molecular weight, linear cationic polymerwas evaluated for its ability to be used as a coagulant to treat water for potable use. Chitosan is a biodegradable cationic polymer derived by de-acetylation of chitin. This study aims to investigate the effect of chitosan as a coagulantaidsfor improvement of poly aluminum chloride coagulant in removing the turbiditiesfrom drinkingwater. This study conducted in the laboratory using jar test device in water treatment of Ahvaz. Chitosan was tested as a natural coagulant in the removal of the turbidity of Karoon water to replace inorganic coagulants (PAC) having hazardous effects. Jar test was performed to test some factors that may affect the coagulation process. The factors tested were dose of coagulant (0-22mg/L), initial pH (5-9), type of oagulant chitosan versus PACcoagulants), and thechitosan solvent. Optimal pH for removing the turbiditieswas observed in pH=8. Optimal dosage of poly aluminum chloride together with chitosan was obtained 5 mg/L and 0.02 mg/L respectively. Under optimal conditions, using chitosan could reduce about 50% of concentration of polyaluminum chloride coagulant. When PAC concentration was 10 mg/L, by adding 0.02 mg/L of chitosan to the process, maximum turbidity removal was %99.16.Results indicate good performance of chitosan as a .coagulantaidsfor removing the turbidities from drinkingwater

كلمات كليدى:

Ahvaz water treatment, Turbidity, Chitosan, Poly aluminum chloride

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/407630

