

عنوان مقاله:

Slurry Phase Bioremediation of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon (PAH) Contaminated Soils

محل انتشار:

هفتمین کنگره بین المللی مهندسی عمران (سال: 1385)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 8

نویسندگان:

M.Arbabi - Assistance professor

S.Nasseri - professor

A.R.Mesdaghinia - professor

M.A.Warith - professor

خلاصه مقاله:

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) are suspected toxis that accumulate in soils and sediment due to their insolubility in water and lack of volatility . there are several treatment methods for PAHs contaminated soils, but slurry - phase biological treatment is one the innovative technology that involves the controlled treatment of excavated soil in a bioreactor. This study presents the results of a bench-scale program which was conducted to remediation of PAH - contaminated soils using slurry phase bioreactor with mix bacterial consortium in this study we focused on clayey phenanthrene contaminated soil with three different contamination levels, namelt; 100 mg/l, 500mg/l and 1000 mg/l. soil samples, after enrichment process and nutrient adding putted in the shaker uncubator for a 45 day period. Results showed the concentration of 100 mg/l decreased to non detected level after 30 days, but concentrations of 500 mg/l and 1000 mg/l reached to 5 mg/l and 160 mg/l after 45 days respectively. The removal time of biotreatment of .phenanthrene in slurry bioreactor decreased as the concentration of it decreased

کلمات کلیدی:

polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), phenanthrene, PAH-contaminated soils, bioremediation, slurry phase bioreactor

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیوپلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/6552

