عنوان مقاله:

Quantitative structure-retention relationships applied to chromatographic retention of ecotoxicity of anilines and phenols

محل انتشار:

نشریه آسیایی شیمی سبز, دوره 3, شماره 2 (سال: 1396)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 16

نویسندگان:

Mehrdad Shahpar - Director of Ilam Petrochemical Company

Sharmin Esmaeilpoor - Department of Chemistry, Payame Noor University, Tehran, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Aniline, phenol, and their derivatives are widely used in industrial chemicals that consequently have a high potential for environmental pollution. Genetic algorithm and partial least square (GA-PLS), kernel partial least square (GA-KPLS) and Levenberg-Marquardt artificial neural network (L-M ANN) techniques were used to investigate the correlation between chromatographic retention (log k) and descriptors for modelling the toxicity to fathead minnows of anilines and phenols. Descriptors of GA-PLS model were selected as inputs in L- M ANN model. The described model does not require experimental parameters and potentially provides useful prediction for log k of new compounds. Finally a model with a low prediction error and a good correlation coefficient was obtained by L-M ANN. The stability and prediction ability of L-M ANN model was validated using external test set techniques

کلمات کلیدی:

Ecotoxicity, Environmental hazard, Phenols, Anilines, Quantitative stature retention relationship

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/723267

