

عنوان مقاله:

Study of Solvent Effect on the Thermodynamic Properties of 2-Halo tetrahydro-pyran and Analogs Containing F, Cl, Br Atoms Using NBO Analysis and Ab Initio

محل انتشار:

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خلاصه مقاله:

In this study, the correlation between thermodynamic properties and Anomeric effects using hybrid density functional theory and natural bond orbital analysis were examined. Earlier, Nori-Shargh et al. studied the effects of stereo-electronics on the structural properties of 5-methyl-5-aza-1,3-di-thiocyclohexane and its similar molecules containing three N, P, O atoms [1]. Also, Mousavi et al. studied the effects of exo-anomeric and endo-anomeric, electrostatic interactions and spatial suppression on the conformational behavior of 2-halo-1,3-dioxan (dithiane and diSelenan) compounds [2]. Polarization effects that result from changes in the electron distribution can be obtained from transmission electron correlation effects have Anomeric. Furthermore, the correlation between the stability of the central formulation of a saturated heterocyclic six member has electronegative halogen atoms substituted on carbon 2 in the tropical formations in solvents with different dielectric constant was examined. Anomeric effects depend on the nature and extent of substitution decreases with increasing dielectric constant environment. Confirmation of Anomeric with transmission electron orbitals of the linked and non-linked anti-graft empty orbitals using the link changes have been approved. The structure of some of 2-Halo TetraHydropyran derivatives was evaluated by theory, By measuring the difference in Gibbs free energy (G), Anomeric effect (AE) and dipole moment, axial 2-Halo tetrahydropyran form stability than more equatorial form, and also by changing the halogen of fluorine to chlorine to bromine, stability is increase.

کلمات کلیدی:

Halvtetrahydropyran, Density Functional, B3LYP/6-311+G**, Structural Parameters, Thermodynamic Parameters-2

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