

عنوان مقاله:

Epidemiologic study of depression, anxiety and stress in women with AIDS: Evidence based

محل انتشار:

هفتمین سمینار بین المللی سلامت زنان (سال: 1397)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 2

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خلاصه مقاله:

Background: AIDS has been conjured up with the notion of sexual immorality and a fake and frightening combination of immorality and death to human society, which causes people suffering from this disease to suffer from a variety of mental disorders, the result of which is the growth of depression and stress among patients. is. The purpose of this study is to study the types of mental disorders, including depression, anxiety and stress in women with HIV Materials: This systematic review study, with 26 academic articles reviewed over the years, is available on scholarly sites such as Google Scholar, Pub Med, UpToDate, Scopus, and Science Net, with keywords in women s anxiety, depression in women with AIDS and stress in HIVpositive women. 2008 to 2017. Results: Based on the results of all the articles studied, the mean of anxiety and depression in women with high symptoms is reported to be between 47% and 65%, as well as most of the studied articles have linked HIV infection to a variety of mental disorders. In 10 articles, there is a meaningful relationship between the status of women in marriage and the level of depression and stress. The results of each of the 26 papers, in line with other studies conducted on the basis of evidence, suggest that women are very vulnerable to the consequences of rejection of the community, as well as with ideological issues, rejection of social relationships, economic exclusion, rejection of support networks Symbolic rejection, exclusion from the field of treatment and spatial rejection. According to researches, the prevalence of hostile attitudes towards women with AIDS and the perpetrators and scary of all of them has become commonplace. Other studies conducted in these papers have a direct bearing on stress, with social support, spiritual perception and physical functioning. Conclusion: Women with depression, depression, anxiety, and traumatic illness, and need continuous care. It seems that the strongest variable for mental disorder is marital status. Management of these mental disorders is very important and requires a comprehensive innovative approach. Stress management training, especially in the field of interpersonal conflict, may be an effective intervention to facilitate stress management. One of the weaknesses of the studied articles is the lack of study on the effects of mutual influence on how to deal correctly with the socially affected women and treatment. Other potential measures include evaluating social support and the spiritual perspective, discussing the benefits of

کلمات کلیدی:

Anxiety in women / stress in HIV positive women / depression in women with AIDS

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