

## عنوان مقاله:

ON LOCAL ANTIMAGIC CHROMATIC NUMBER OF GRAPHS

## محل انتشار:

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## خلاصه مقاله:

A {it local antimagic labeling} of a connected graph  $G$  with at least three vertices, is a bijection  $f: E(G) \rightarrow \{1, 2, \dots, |E(G)|\}$  such that for any two adjacent vertices  $u$  and  $v$  of  $G$ , the condition  $\omega_{\{f\}}(u) \neq \omega_{\{f\}}(v)$  holds; where  $\omega_{\{f\}}(u) = \sum_{x \in N(u)} f(xu)$ . Assigning  $\omega_{\{f\}}(u)$  to  $u$  for each vertex  $u$  in  $V(G)$ , induces naturally a proper vertex coloring of  $G$ ; and  $|f|$  denotes the number of colors appearing in this proper vertex coloring. The {it local antimagic chromatic number} of  $G$ , denoted by  $\chi_{\{a\}}(G)$ , is defined as the minimum of  $|f|$ , where  $f$  ranges over all local antimagic labelings of  $G$ . In this paper, we explicitly construct an infinite class of connected graphs  $G$  such that  $\chi_{\{a\}}(G)$  can be arbitrarily large while  $\chi_{\{a\}}(G \vee \bar{K}_2) = 3$ , where  $G \vee \bar{K}_2$  is the join graph of  $G$  and the complement graph of  $K_2$ . The aforementioned fact leads us to an infinite class of counterexamples to a result of [Local antimagic vertex coloring of a graph, Graphs and Combinatorics 33 (2017), 275-285].

## کلمات کلیدی:

Antimagic labeling, Local antimagic labeling, Local antimagic chromatic number

## لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

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