

## عنوان مقاله:

Relationship of Perceived Parenting Styles with Self-Control Capacity and Affective Self- Regulation among Delinquent Adolescents

## محل انتشار:

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## خلاصه مقاله:

Background: The type of parent's child rearing and the perception of problems by adolescents are one of the important reasons for the formation of inappropriate behavior and delinquency in adolescents. Objectives: The purpose of the present study was to determine the relationship of perceived parenting styles with self-control capacity and affective self-regulation among delinquent adolescents. Materials & Methods: The research type was descriptive-correlational. The population of this study included all delinquent adolescents (N=94) from the Guilan Provincial Reconstruction and Upbringing Center and temporary detention centers in 2017-2018. Seventy-three adolescents were selected and completed the Parenting Style Inventory (PSI), Tangney Self-Control Scale (TSCS) and Measure of Affect Regulation Styles (MARS). The data were processed using Pearson correlation coefficient and stepwise multiple regression analyses by SPSS V. 22 software. Results: Regression analysis indicated that authoritative parenting style positively ( $\beta=0.906$ ,  $P<0.001$ ) and authoritarian parenting style negatively ( $\beta=-0.537$ ,  $P<0.001$ ) 38% of the changes were predicted in the SCS among delinquent adolescents ( $F=20.511$ ,  $P<0.001$ ). Also, the authoritative parenting style negatively ( $\beta=-0.641$ ,  $P<0.001$ ) 41% of the changes were predicted in the MARS among delinquent adolescents ( $F=47.543$ ,  $P<0.001$ ). The permissive parenting style was not statistically significant in any of the regression analyses ( $P> 0.05$ ). Conclusion: Parenting styles have an effective role in the emergence and inhibition of delinquent behavior. It seems that authoritarian and authoritative parenting styles respectively play a role in improving .and weakening self-control capacity and affective self-regulation in delinquent behavior among adolescents boys

## کلمات کلیدی:

Self-control; Affect; Juvenile Delinquency; Parenting ; Adolescent

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